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CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. A method of classifying instance data comprising the steps of:
 receiving an instance to be classified, the instance to be classified comprising
 at least one attribute and corresponding relevance value;
 determining a best host for the instance to be classified; and
 inserting the instance to be classified into a location relative to at least one
 child of the best host within a classification structure, the classification
 structure comprising at least one node, and the node comprising at least one
 attribute and corresponding relevance value.
 - 2. The method of claim 1, wherein determining the best host for the instance to be classified comprises:

processing class concept nodes of the classification structure, comprising the steps of:

receiving a class concept node of the classification structure; calculating a delta cohesiveness measurement (Δ CM) value between the instance to be classified and the class concept node; and storing the largest Δ CM value and the corresponding class concept node at each level of the classification structure;

determining the largest ΔCM value over all levels of the classification structure; and

storing the class concept node corresponding to the largest Δ CM value over all levels of the classification structure.

- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein determining the best host for the instance to be classified is performed recursively.
- 4. The method of claim 3, wherein inserting the instance to be classified into a location relative to at least one child of the best host within a classification structure comprises:

selecting at least one best host child node; calculating a Δ CM value between the instance to be classified and the at least one best host child; storing the Δ CM value associated with each at least one best host child; storing a count of the total number of the at least one best host child; storing a count of the total number of stored Δ CM values associated with each at least one best host child that are greater than 0.0; and adding the instance to be classified to the classification structure as a sibling or child of the at least one best host child, based upon the Δ CM value associated with each at least one best host child, the count of the total number of the at least one best host child, and the count of the total number of stored Δ CM values associated with each at least one best host child that are greater than 0.0.

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5. The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:
displaying the classification structure;
determining at least one distinguishing feature of the instance to be classified;
and
visually contrasting the instance to be classified vice nodes within the
classification structure, based upon the value of the at least one distinguishing
feature.

- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein the at least one distinguishing feature comprises at least one of an attribute value, a context value and a relationship value.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the method steps are carried out in real-time.
 - 8. A method of predicting, comprising the steps of:
 receiving a pre-existing classification structure;
 receiving an instance to be predicted, comprising at least one attribute to be predicted;
 determining a best host for the instance to be predicted;
 optionally placing the instance to be predicted into a location relative to at least one child of the best host within the pre-existing classification structure;
 determining a confidence level for an occurrence of an at least one possible value for the at least one attribute to be predicted; and
 returning a prediction profile, comprising at least one possible value for the at least one attribute to predict and the corresponding confidence level for the at least one possible value for the at least one attribute to be predicted.
- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein determining the best host for the instance to be classified comprises:

processing class concept nodes of the classification structure, comprising the steps of:

receiving a class concept node of the classification structure; calculating a delta cohesiveness measurement (Δ CM) value between the instance to be classified and the class concept node; and storing the largest Δ CM value and the corresponding class concept node at each level of the classification tree;

determining the largest Δ CM value over all levels of the classification structure; and storing the class concept node corresponding to the largest Δ CM value over all levels of the classification structure.

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- 10. The method of claim 8, further comprising the step of: displaying the classification structure; determining at least one distinguishing feature of the instance to be predicted; and visually contrasting the instance to be predicted vice nodes within the classification structure, based upon the value of the at least one distinguishing feature.
- 11. The method of claim 10, wherein the at least one distinguishing feature comprises at least one of an attribute value, a context value and a relationship value.
- 12. The method of claim 9, wherein determining the confidence level comprises applying weighted voting over each value for the at least one target attribute of the at least one child of the best host.
- 20 13. The method of claim 9, wherein determining the confidence level comprises, in the alternative, the step of:

applying weighted voting over each value for the at least one target attribute of the at least one child of the best host, if the best host is a class concept node; or,

- assigning the confidence level of the best host, if the best host is an instance node.
- 14. The method of claim 8, wherein the method steps are carried out in real-time.

15. A method comprising the steps of:

receiving a data set comprising instances to be classified, wherein each instance to be classified is comprised of at least two attributes and corresponding relevance values;

building a first classification structure from the data set of instances to be classified;

determining the prediction accuracy of the first classification structure; establishing at least one prediction accuracy acceptability criterion for using a classification structure to predict attribute values;

building subsequent classification structures, wherein less attributes of the instances to be classified are used for classifying the instances into each subsequent classification structure;

determining the prediction accuracy of each the subsequent classification structure;

discarding unacceptable classification structures; and retaining at least one subsequent classification structure which uses less attributes and yields prediction accuracy results that fall within the at least one prediction accuracy acceptability criterion.

16. The method of claim 15, wherein building of the first and subsequent classification structures comprises:

receiving an instance to be classified, the instance to be classified comprising at least one attribute and corresponding relevance value; determining a best host for the instance to be classified; and inserting the instance to be classified into a location relative to at least one child of the best host within a classification structure, the classification

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structure comprising at least one node, and the node comprising at least one attribute and corresponding relevance value.

- 17. A method comprising the steps of:
 - receiving at least one data set comprising at least one instance to be classified; receiving a federated group number; and
 - constructing a federated group number of classification structures comprising selecting a subset of the federated group number of classification structures, wherein the subset comprises a classification overlap number; and
 - classifying a copy of the at least one instance to be classified within each member of the subset of the federated group number of classification structures.
- 18. The method of claim 17, wherein classifying comprises: receiving the classification overlap number of copies of an at least one instance to be classified, the at least one instance to be classified comprising at least one attribute and corresponding relevance value; determining a best host for the at least one instance to be classified within each of the classification overlap number of classification structures; and inserting the copy of the at least one instance to be classified into a location relative to at least one child of the best host within each of the classification overlap number of classification structures, the classification structure comprising at least one node, and the node comprising at least one attribute and corresponding relevance value.
- 19. The method of claim 18, wherein selecting a subset comprises randomly selecting a subset.

- 20. The method of claim 17 wherein the method steps are executed on at least one of a parallel processor and a multiprocessor.
- 5 21. A method of predicting comprising the steps of:
 receiving a group of classification structures;
 receiving an instance with an at least one attribute to predict;
 querying each member of a subset of the group of classification structures to
 perform a prediction process on the instance; and

 oreturning a coalesced prediction profile.
 - 22. The method of claim 21, wherein the coalesced prediction profile comprises an Ameliorate prediction profile.
 - 23. The method of claim 21, wherein the coalesced prediction profile comprises a Winner-take-all prediction profile.
 - 24. The method of claim 21, wherein the method steps are executed on at least one of a parallel processor and a multiprocessor.